Italy

Population 2017

| Population 2017 | | 59 million |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Rate |
| Estimates of TB burden*, 2017 | Number (thousands) | (per 100 000 population) |
| Mortality (excludes HIV+TB) | 0.34 (0.33–0.34) | 0.57 (0.56-0.58) |
| Mortality (HIV+TB only) | 0.072 (0.036-0.12) | 0.12 (0.06-0.21) |
| Incidence (includes HIV+TB) | 4.4 (3.8–5.1) | 7.4 (6.3–8.6) |
| Incidence (HIV+TB only) | 0.47 (0.27-0.72) | 0.79 (0.46-1.2) |
| Incidence (MDR/RR-TB)** | 0.18 (0.11–0.25) | 0.3 (0.19–0.43) |

| Estimated TB incidence by age and sex (thousands)*, 2017 | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 0-14 years | > 14 years | Total | | |
| Females | 0.16 (0.13–0.2) | 1.3 (1–1.5) | 1.4 (1.1–1.7) | | |
| Males | 0.19 (0.15-0.23) | 2.8 (2.2–3.4) | 3 (2.4–3.6) | | |
| Total | 0.36 (0.3-0.42) | 4 (3.4-4.7) | 4.4 (3.8–5.1) | | |

| TB case notifications, 2017 | | | 2.044 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Total cases notified | | | 3 944 |
| Total new and relapse | | 3 828 | |
| - % tested with rapid diagnostics at time of | alagnosis | | 0% |
| - % with known HIV status | | | 700/ |
| - % pulmonary | | | 70% |
| - % bacteriologically confirmed among pul | monary | | 80% |
| Universal health coverage and social protection | | | |
| TB treatment coverage (notified/estimated incider | nce), 2017 | 87 | 7% (75–100) |
| TB patients facing catastrophic total costs | | | |
| TB case fatality ratio (estimated mortality/estimat | ted incidence), 20 | 17 0.09 | (0.08–0.11) |
| TB/HIV care in new and relapse TB patients, 201 | 7 | Numl | ber (%) |
| Patients with known HIV-status who are HIV-pos | | | |
| - on antiretroviral therapy | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Previously treated | Total |
| Drug-resistant TB care, 2017 | New cases | cases | number*** |
| Estimated MDR/RR-TB cases among notified | | | 91 |
| pulmonary TB cases | | | (59–120) |
| Estimated % of TB cases with MDR/RR-TB | 2.8% (1.8–4.3) | 13% (7.7–21) | |
| % notified tested for rifampicin resistance | 67% | 81% | 2 654 |
| MDR/RR-TB cases tested for resistance to seco | nd-line drugs | | 54 |
| Laboratory-confirmed cases | | MDR/RR-TB: 88, | XDR-TB: 5 |
| Patients started on treatment **** | | MDR/RR-TB: | , XDR-TB: |
| Treatment success rate and cohort size | | Success | Cohor |
| | | | |
| New cases registered in 2016 | | | |
| New cases registered in 2016 Previously treated cases registered in 2016 | | | |
| | | | |

MDR/RR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2015 XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2015

TB preventive treatment, 2017

% of HIV-positive people (newly enrolled in care) on preventive treatment % of children (aged < 5) household contacts of bacteriologically-confirmed TB cases on preventive treatment

TB financing, 2018

National TB budget (US\$ millions)

* Ranges represent uncertainty intervals

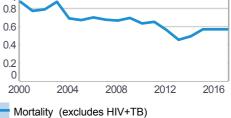
** MDR is TB resistant to rifampicin and isoniazid; RR is TB resistant to rifampicin

*** Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history

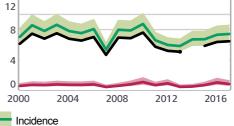
**** Includes patients diagnosed before 2017 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

Tuberculosis profile

(Rate per 100 000 population per year)

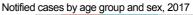


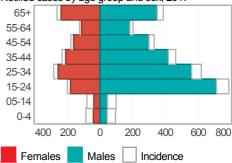
(Rate per 100 000 population per year)



Notified (new and relapse)

Incidence (HIV+TB only)





Treatment success rate (%)



New cases

Previously treated cases

HIV-positive – MDR/RR-TB – XDR-TB